Instructor's Manual

Modules 7 & 9: Subtracting Fractions and Mixed Numbers

What Students Should Gain from this Module

At the end of this module, students should be able to:

- Subtract fractions
- Subtract mixed numbers

Recommended Timing for this Module 2 hours

Required Equipment and Materials

- An LCD projector and a Windows computer or laptop. The computer should have high speed internet access, a recent version of PowerPoint, an updated Internet browser, and speakers
- Cords for connecting the LCD projector to the computer
- A wireless presenter which allows you to move around the room while controlling the PowerPoint presentation
- A screen visible to all in the room
- Three sets of fraction strips per student. The strips should be separated from one another. For example, each set of fraction strips should consist of sixteen 1/16ths separated from one another, not a single row of connected 1/16ths.
- The Subtracting Fractions PowerPoint file
- A copy of the *Subtracting Fractions* handout for each student and instructor



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Set Up

• Set up the computer and projector.

Optional Materials

At Math-Aids.com <u>http://www.math-aids.com</u> you can create and print a wide variety of practice problem sets (and answer keys) for students who want or need additional practice. You can also create problem sets that offer a higher degree of challenge for students who want an additional challenge. Be sure to confirm that your use of the Math-Aids resources complies with its usage guidelines.

Note to the Instructor

Some of the slides for this module require you to "Click" or press enter on the keyboard to reveal additional information on the slide. Especially where there is a lot of information on a slide, this will help you guide students' attention to the information you are addressing. In other cases, it engages students by giving them a chance to think through their own answer or strategy for solving a problem before the answer is revealed on the slide.



Activity	Materials	What to Do
Subtracting Fractions & Mixed Numbers with Common Denominators	Handout: Subtracting Fractions	 Pass out the handout. Say that they are hauling a load of scrap to a transfer station. Their total weight entering the transfer station is 45 3/4 tons. Leaving the transfer station the weight is 23 1/4 tons. Ask how much scrap they dumped. Say that, to answer this question, and often on the job, they will have to be able
	At the end of this module, you should be able to subtract fractions	to subtract fractions.
	fractions, treat the bottom numbers the same way you do for addition.	Say that when subtracting fractions, the bottom numbers are treated the same way they are for addition. Have students use their fraction strips and the number line in their handout (the
	$\frac{9}{16} - \frac{5}{16} = \frac{4}{16} = \frac{1}{4}$	image of the slide) to subtract these fractions, simplify their answer if necessary, and write their answer on their handout. Point out the 9/16, 5/16, and 4/16, and how 4/16 is the same as 1/4.
	Activity Subtracting Fractions & Mixed Numbers with Common Denominators	ActivityMaterialsSubtracting Fractions & Mixed Numbers with Common DenominatorsHandout: Subtracting FractionsWight for a 45 % form DenominatorsImage: Common Image: Common Image: Common Image: Common DenominatorsImage: Common DenominatorsImage: Common Image: Common Image: Common Image: Common Image: Common DenominatorsImage: Common DenominatorsImage: Common Image: Common





Point out, using the number line, how 9/16 - 5/16, = 4/16, and how 4/16 is the same as 1/4.

Have students correct their answers (if necessary) on their handout.



Say that, when subtracting a fraction from a whole number, they should borrow a 1 from the whole number then rename it as a fraction.

Point out the three wholes.

Show how a one was borrowed from the 3, and renamed to a fraction (8/8). Point out that the 8/8 is still the same amount as one whole, even after being

renamed.

Show how the answer was determined.

Have students correct their answers (if necessary) on their handout.



Have students use their fraction strips to find the answer and write it on their handout.

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Point out the two wholes.

Show how a one was borrowed from the 2, and renamed to a fraction.

Point out that the 4/4 is still the same amount as one whole, even after being renamed.

Show how the answer was determined.

Have students correct their answers (if necessary) on their handout.

Have students find the answer then write it on their handout.

Show how the answer was determined.

Have students correct their answers (if necessary) on their handout.

Say that, to find the amount of scrap they dumped at the transfer station, they need to subtract the mixed numbers.

Say that, when subtracting mixed numbers, they should subtract the whole numbers first, borrow if necessary, subtract the fractions, then combine.

Say to subtract the whole numbers first.



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Say to subtract the fractions next since it isn't necessary to borrow.

Show how the 1/2 was determined.

Show where the 22 1/2 came from.

Have students use their fraction strips to find the answer, then write it on their handout.

Show how the fraction strips represent the equation.

Point out that it is necessary to borrow a one because it is impossible to subtract 7/8 from 1/8.

Show how one was borrowed and renamed eighths, how the answer was determined, **CLICK**

and how 2/8 is simplified to ¼.

Have students find the answer and write it on their handout.

Point out that it was necessary to borrow one from the 15 and rename it because it isn't possible to subtract 5/16 from 1/16.









Ask students how they would solve this. CLICK

Say that you are not changing the amount, you are only renaming 1/2 as 2/4 so you now have all of the same thing (fourths)

Say that now you have all fourths so you can subtract them.

Show that, when 1/2 is renamed 2/4, both the top and bottom number changed.

Say that whenever renaming a fraction in this way, both the top and bottom number have to change.

Point out that 1/2 and 2/4 are the same amount but because 2/4 has the same bottom number as 1/4, the fractions can be subtracted.



Have students use their fraction strips to find the answer, then write it on their handout.





Say that to subtract 1/8 from 3/16 they need to have the same bottom number.

Show that 1/8 is the same amount as 2/16 and, now that both fractions have the same bottom number, CLICK

you can subtract the fractions.

Point out that, when 1/8 is renamed 2/16, both the top and bottom number changed.

Say that whenever renaming a fraction in this way, both the top and bottom number have to change.

Have students use their fraction strips to find the answer, then write it on their handout.

Have students use their fraction strips to find the answer, then write it on their



Show how the answer was determined.

Have students correct their answers (if necessary) on their handout.



handout.

Show how the answer was determined.

Have students correct their answers (if necessary) on their handout.



Have students find the answer, then write it on their handout.



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		$10\frac{1}{4} - 5\frac{7}{8} =$ $10\frac{2}{8} - 5\frac{7}{8} =$ $9\frac{10}{8} - 5\frac{7}{8} = 4\frac{3}{8}$	Show how the answer was determined. Have students correct their answers (if necessary) on their handout.
45	Practice Subtracting Fractions and Mixed Numbers	Handout: Subtracting Fractions	 Have students form groups of 3 or 4. Say to remember that, in class or on the job, they will need to work as a team, which means supporting and encouraging one another. It is not enough for the group to get the right answers. Instead, they should take responsibility for helping one another until each member of the group has mastered the process and feels confident in her ability to solve the problems on her own. Say that they should remember the goal(s) they set for themselves, what they pledged to do to "Commit to Grit" in the <i>Being Gritty</i> handout at the beginning of the course, and the importance of maintaining a growth mindset if they have difficulty or get frustrated. Say that you can provide additional problem sets for students who want additional practice or additional challenge. See the information about Math-Aids under Optional Materials above. Have students work through the problems in the Subtracting Fractions Practice pages which follow the slides in the <i>Subtracting Fractions</i> handout. As they do, check in with groups to answer questions and ensure that no individual(s) in the group is being left behind. Review the answers, answer questions, and review content students are struggling with.



10	Planning to Apply their Learning	Have students reflect on the learning from this module and note in their journal what they have learned that will be useful to them on the job, what they want to remember, tips, etc., and when they have demonstrated grit or a growth mindset.
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